

# NDM2 Moulded Case Circuit Breakers

Edition 2016

# Nader 良信电器

### 1. Product Overview









Model		NDM2-400					NDM2-630				NDM2-800		
Rated operating current In (A)	22	225、250、315、350、400				400、500、630				630、700、800			
Number of poles	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	4
Rated limit short-circuit breaking capacity level	С	L	М	Н		С	L	М	Н		М	Н	
Rated ultimate short-cir- cuit breaking capacity Icu (kA) 400V	35	50	65	100	65	35	50	65	100	65	75	100	75
Rated running short-cir- cuit breaking capacity lcs (kA) 400V	26	38	49	75	49	26	38	49	75	49	56	75	56
N-pole type of four-pole product		4A、4B、4C				4A、4B、4C				4A、4B、4C			
Certification		CCC、TUV、CE											

## Nader 良信申器

#### 2. Product Features

#### Scope of application and purpose

NDM2 moulded case circuit breakers (hereinafter referred to as breakers) are applicable to work in the AC circuits with AC frequency of 50/60Hz, rated operating voltage of up to AC690V, and rated current of up to 800A, for the use of infrequent conversion and infrequent start of motor. The circuit-breakers provide overload, short circuit and undervoltage protection, and can protect the circuit and power supply device from damage. The products have been widely used in new energy, electric power, industrial control, real estate, electric and power supply, telecommunication, rail transportation, industrial (public) construction and other industries.





#### Structural features

The circuit breakers are divided into four types: C type (basic), L type (standard), M type (higher breaking) and H type (high breaking type) by the rated limit short-circuit breaking capability. The circuit breakers feature small size, high breaking capability, short arcing, vibration resistance, etc.

#### Meeting the following standards

- GB 14048.1 Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear Part 1: General rules.
- GB 14048.2 Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear Part 2: Circuit breakers.
- IEC 60947-1 Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear-Part 1: General rules.
- IEC 60947-2 Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear-Part 2: Circuit-breakers.

### 3. Application Scope

## 3.1 Electrical Symbols

The circuit breaker provides isolation function, whose corresponding symbol is:



### 3.2 Applicable Environment

#### Temperature of the working environment

 $-35^{\circ}$ C  $\sim +70^{\circ}$ C, the average value in 24h is not more than  $+35^{\circ}$ C. At  $+40^{\circ}$ C and above, the user needs to run with less load. For derating factors, see "NDM2 MCCB derating factor table".

#### Storage temperature:

-40°C ~ +75°C ₀

#### Altitude

The altitude of installation site is ≤2000m, and the derating factors under varied altitudes are shown in "Table of derating factors of NDM2 moulded case circuit breaker under varied altitudes ".

#### Relative humidity for operation/Relative humidity for storage

At the ambient temperature of  $+40^{\circ}$ C, the relative humidity shall not be more than 50%; for a lower temperature, the humidity may be higher, for example: The relative humidity could be up to 90% at 20°C. Appropriate measures should be taken against frost due to temperature variation.

#### Pollution grade

Grade 3.

#### Installation category

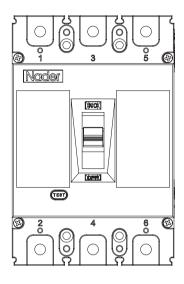
- ◆ Mounting categories of circuit breaker connecting to the main circuit: Category III (power distribution and control level).
- Mounting categories of circuit breaker not connecting to the main circuit: Class || (load level) .

#### Installation environment

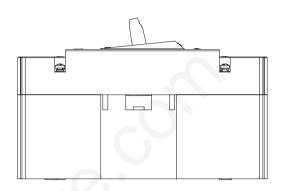
The product shall be installed in a medium without explosive danger, and the medium is not enough to corrode metal and damage the place where the insulating gas and conducting gas are located, so as to avoid any use in a rainy or snowy place.

#### Installation direction

- Vertical mounting, the gradient between the mounting plane and the vertical plane should be  $\leq \pm 22.5$ °.
- Horizontal mounting.







Horizontal installation

## 3.3 NDM2 Breaker Power Loss Table

	Current		Total power loss (W)	
Model	(A)	Before-panel/ behind-panel wiring	Plug-in type before- panel wiring	Plug-in type behind- panel wiring
NDM2-63 direct heating type (10-25A)	25	28	-	32
NDM2-100 direct heating type (16-25A)	25	40	42	45
NDM2-125 direct heating type (125A)	25	40	42	45
NDM2-63 intermittent heating type (32-63A)	63	20	-	24
NDM2-100 intermittent heating type (32-100A)	100	35	37	40
NDM2-125 intermittent heating type (32-125A)	125	39	42	43
NDM2-225 intermittent heating type (125-225A)	225	62	66	70
NDM2-250 intermittent heating type (250A)	250	67	73	73
NDM2-400 intermittent heating type (225-400)	400	115	120	125
NDM2-630 intermittent heating type (400-630A)	630	187	-	200
NDM2-800 intermittent heating type (630-800A)	800	262	-	-

## 4. Technical Characteristics of the Product

4.1 Des	cription of Spe	ecifications and Models				
ND 1	$\frac{M}{2} \frac{2}{3} - \frac{\square}{4}$	0     0				
Serial No.	Serial No. name	NDM2				
1	Enterprise code	ND: Nacional low-voltage apparatus				
2	Product code	M: Moulded case circuit breakers				
3	Design serial No.	2				
4	Type code	X: Small housings of two-pole (only for 125)				
5	Frame grade Rated current	See Table 1				
6	Rated ultimate short-circuit breaking capacity	Type C: Basic type  Type L: Standard type  Type M: Relevant high breaking type  Type H: High breaking type				
7	Operation mode	No code: Direct operation by handle P: Electrically operated Z: Turning handle				
8	Number of poles	2, 3, 4				
9	Overload tripper code	0: Without tripper 2: Instantaneous tripper only 3: Complex tripper				
10	Accessory code	See Table 2				
11	Usage code	No code: Power distribution type				
	osage code	2: Motor protection type				
12	N-pole (neutral pole) type of four- pole product	Type A: N pole is not be equipped with over-current tripper, and shall be always connected  Type B: N pole is not be equipped with over-current tripper, and is switched on or off together with other three poles  Type C: N pole is equipped with over-current tripper, and is switched on or off together with other three poles				
		No code: Normal				
		P: Extended busbar				
	Wiring pattern	Type JK: Incoming line terminal Wiring: Wiring box type, wiring at the outgoing line end: Before-panel wiring type  Type CK: Incoming line terminal Wiring: Before-panel wiring type, wiring at the outgoing line end: Wiring frame type				
13	code	Type K: Wiring at the incoming/outgoing line end: Wiring frame type				
	(See Table 1)	Z1: Behind-panel wiring				
		Z2Q: Plug-in type before-panel wiring				
		Z2H: Plug-in type behind-panel wiring				
		Z3Q: Plug-in before-panel wiring integrated type				
		Z3H: Plug-in behind-panel wiring integrated type (Please specify the wiring scheme)				
14	Rated current	See Table 1				

# 4.2 Technical Parameters

Table 1 Table of main performance parameters of circuit breaker

Мос	lel	ı	NDM2-6:	3		N	IDM2-10	0		NDM2-125				
Frame grade Cur	rent Inm (A)		63				100					125		
Rated current In	(A)	10、12.5、16、20、 25、32、40、50、63			16、20、25、32、 40、50、63、80、100				16、20、25、32、40、50、 63、80、100、125					
Rated insulation	voltage Ui (V)		1000				1000					1000		
Rated impulse w			8000				8000					8000		
Power frequency voltage U: (1 mir			3000				3000					3000		
Use class			А				А					А		
Number of poles	5	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	4
Rated limit short		L	М		С	L	M	Н		С	L	М	Н	
Rated ultimate short-circuit	AC 400V	25	50	50	25	35	50	85	50	25	35	50	85	50
breaking capacity Icu (kA)	AC 690V						10					10		
Rated running short-circuit	AC 400V	19	38	38	19	26	38	64	38	19	26	38	64	38
breaking capacity lcs (kA)	AC 690V						8					8		
Operating	Electrical life		8000	,	8000				8000					
performance (time)	Mechanical life		20000		20000			20000						
Outline dimension	L	135	135 135 135		150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150	150
dimension	W	78 78 103		92	92	92	92	122	92	92	92	92	122	
↓ + +			69	69	87	87	87	69	69	87	87	87		
Flashover distance (mm) ≤50		≤50				≤50								
Wiring mode	Wiring mode Conventional, P,Z1,Z2Q,Z2H				Conventional, P,JK,CK,K,Z1,Z2Q,Z2H,Z3Q,Z3H				Conventional, P,JK,CK,K,Z1,Z2Q,Z2H,Z3Q,Z3H					

Table 1 Main performance and technology parameters of circuit breaker (continued)

Mod	lel	NDM2X-125		N	IDM2-22	5			١	IDM2-25	60	
Frame grade Curr	ent Inm (A)	125	225				250					
Rated current In	(A)	16、20、25、32、40、 50、63、80、100、125	100、125、140、160、 180、200、225			125、140、160、180、 200、225、250						
Rated insulation	voltage Ui (V)	1000			1000					1000		
Rated impulse w		8000			8000					8000		
Power frequency voltage U: (1 min		3000			3000					3000		
Use class		А			Α					Α		
Number of pole	S	2	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	4
Rated limit short			С	L	М	Н		С	L	М	Н	
Rated ultimate short-circuit	AC 400V	35	25	35	50	85	50	25	35	50	85	50
breaking capacity lcu (kA)	AC 690V				10							
Rated running short-circuit	AC 400V	26	19	26	38	64	38	19	26	38	64	38
breaking capacity lcs (kA)	AC 690V				8							
Operating	Electrical life	8000		,	8000			8000				
performance (time)	Mechanical life	20000			20000					20000		
Outline dimension	L	150	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165	165
1 + +	W	64	107	107	107	107	142	107	107	107	107	142
H H		69	86	86	103	103	103	86	86	103	103	103
Flashover distan	ce (mm)	≤50			≤50			≤50				
Wiring mode		Conventional, P,JK,CK,K	P,J		nventior 1,Z2Q,Z2		′3H	Conventional, P,JK,CK,K,Z1,Z2Q,Z2H,Z3Q,Z3H				

Table 1 Main performance and technology parameters of circuit breaker (continued)

Мос	del		N	IDM2-40	00			N	IDM2-63	0		NDM2-800		
Frame grade Cu	ırrent Inm (A)			400					630				800	
Rated current In	n (A)	2	25 、250	、315、	350、40	00	400、500、630				630、700、800			
Rated insulation Ui (V)	n voltage		1000					1000			1000			
Rated impulse voltage Uimp (				8000					8000				8000	
Power frequency voltage U: (1 mi			3000					3000				3000		
Use class			А					А				А		
Number of pole	25	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	4	3	3	4
Rated limit show		С	L	M	Н		С	L	М	Н		М	Н	
Rated ultimate short-circuit	AC 415V	35	50	65	100	65	35	50	65	100	65	75	100	75
breaking capacity Icu (kA)	AC 690V			15					15			20		
Rated running short-circuit	AC 415V	26	38	49	75	49	26	38	49	75	49	56	56	75
breaking capacity lcs (kA)	AC 690V			11					11			15		
Operating	Electrical life			7500					7500	1		7500		
performance (time)	Mechanical life			10000					10000				10000	
Outline	L	257	257	257	257	257	270 270 270 270 270			280	280	280		
dimension	W	150	150	150	150	198	182 182 182 182 240		210	210	280			
+ + - W + H +	Н	H 106.5 106.5 106.5 106.5 106.		106.5	110	110	110	110	110	115.5	115.5	115.5		
Flashover dista	Flashover distance (mm) ≤100				≤100				≤100					
Wiring mode		Conve	entional,	P,Z1,Z20	),Z2H,Z3	Z3Q,Z3H Conventional, P,Z1,Z2Q,Z2H,Z3Q,			Q,Z3H	Conventional, P,Z1,Z2Q,Z2H,Z3Q,Z3H				

### • Table of derating factors of NDM2 series moulded case circuit breaker under varied temperatures

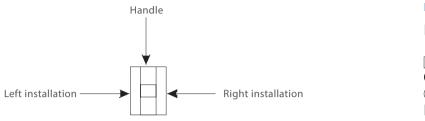
Social No	Frame grade Rated		Derating factors corresponding to temperatures										
Serial No.	current (A)	40°C	45°C	50°C	55°C	60°C	65°C	70°C					
1	63	1	0.979	0.958	0.937	0.915	0.893	0.871					
2	100/125	1	0.977	0.954	0.931	0.907	0.883	0.858					
3	225/250	1	0.982	0.963	0.944	0.924	0.904	0.882					
4	400	1	0.981	0.962	0.942	0.922	0.901	0.879					
5	630	1	0.979	0.958	0.937	0.915	0.893	0.871					
6	800	1	0.980	0.960	0.939	0.918	0.897	0.877					

Note: When the ambient temperature is below 40°C, the product can be used normally, with no derating capacity.

### • Table of derating factors of NDM2 moulded case circuit breaker under varied altitudes

Altitude (m)	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000
Operating current correction factor	In	In	0.98ln	0.97ln	0.96ln	0.95ln	0.94ln
Operating current correction factor	Ue	Ue	0.83Ue	0.77Ue	0.71Ue	0.67Ue	0.63Ue
Power frequency withstand voltage correction factor	U	U	0.89U	0.85U	0.80U	0.77U	0.73U

## 4.3 Comparison Table of Accessory Codes

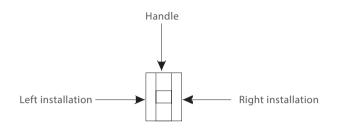


Legend:

- Single auxiliary contact
- Double auxiliary contacts
- Alarm contact
- Shunt tripper
- Under-voltage tripper
- Auxiliary contact (Single accessory integrates auxiliary and alarm functions)

Table 2 Comparison table of tripping method accessory codes

	Installation Model    location   Mumber of poles     Accessories Name   Accessories Name	NDM2-63	NDM2-100	NDM2- 125	NDM2X-125	NDM2-225
Accessory code	Accessories Name	3 4	3 4	3 4	2	3 4
00	No					
10	Shunt tripper	•	•		•	•
20	Double auxiliary contacts					
21	Single auxiliary contact					
30	Under-voltage tripper					
40	Shunt tripper, double auxiliary contacts		• •	• 🗖		• 🗖
41	Shunt tripper, single auxiliary contact		• •			
50	Shunt tripper, under-voltage tripper	• 0	• 0	• 0		• 0
60	Two groups of double auxiliary contacts					
61	Two groups of single auxiliary contacts					
62	Double auxiliary contacts, single auxiliary contact					
70	Under-voltage tripper, double auxiliary contacts					
71	Under-voltage tripper, single auxiliary contact					
08	Alarm contact					
18	Shunt tripper Alarm contact					
28	Double auxiliary contacts, alarm contact					
38	Under-voltage tripper, alarm contact					
48	Shunt tripper, auxiliary alarm contact					
58	Auxiliary alarm contact					
68	Double auxiliary contacts, auxiliary alarm contact					
78	Under-voltage tripper, auxiliary alarm contact					



#### Legend:

- Single auxiliary contact
- Double auxiliary contacts
- Alarm contact
- Shunt tripper
- O Under-voltage tripper
- Auxiliary contact (Single accessory integrates auxiliary and alarm functions)

Table 2 Comparison table of tripping method accessory codes (continued)

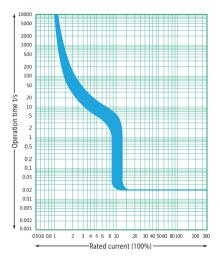
	Installation Model    Jocation   Milmber of poles     Accessories Name   Accessories Name	NDM2-250	NDM2-400	NDM2-630	NDM2-800
Accessory \ code	Accessories Name	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 4
00	No				
10	Shunt tripper	•	•	•	
20	Double auxiliary contacts				
21	Single auxiliary contact				
30	Under-voltage tripper	0			
40	Shunt tripper, double auxiliary contacts	• 🗓	• 🗓	• 🛘	• 🗓
41	Shunt tripper, single auxiliary contact	• 🗉	• 🗈	• 🗓	• 1
50	Shunt tripper, under-voltage tripper	• 0	• 0	• 0	0
60	Two groups of double auxiliary contacts				
61	Two groups of single auxiliary contacts				
62	Double auxiliary contacts, single auxiliary contact				
70	Under-voltage tripper, double auxiliary contacts				0
71	Under-voltage tripper, single auxiliary contact				
08	Alarm contact				
18	Shunt tripper Alarm contact				
28	Double auxiliary contacts, alarm contact				
38	Under-voltage tripper, alarm contact				
48	Shunt tripper, auxiliary alarm contact				
58	Auxiliary alarm contact				
68	Double auxiliary contacts, auxiliary alarm contact				
78	Under-voltage tripper, auxiliary alarm contact				

# 4.4 Product Tripping Curve

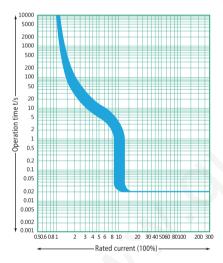
## • Protection requirements for the products:

Tripper rated current	Thermal tripper (ambier	nt temperature is +40°C)	Operating current for		
(A)	1.05In (cold state) non- operating time (h)	1.3In (thermal state) operating time (h)	the electromagnetic tripper (A)	Remarks	
10≤ln≤63	1	1	10ln× (1±20%)	Daniel distribution to	
63≤In≤800	2	2	10ln × (1 ± 20%)	Power distribution type	
10≤ln≤800	1.0ln (cold state) non- operating time (h)	1.2In (thermal state) operating time (h)	12ln × (1 ± 20%)	Motor protection type	
	2	2			

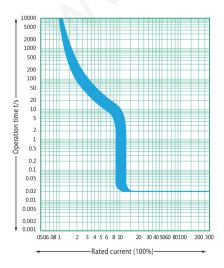
#### Product short circuit overload protection characteristic curve



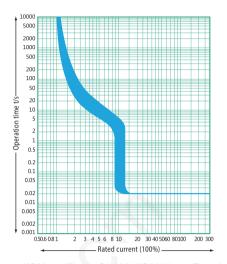
NDM2-63 L.M Time/current characteristic curve



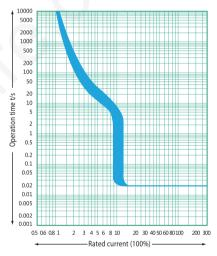
NDM2-225, 250 C.L.M.H Time/current characteristic curve



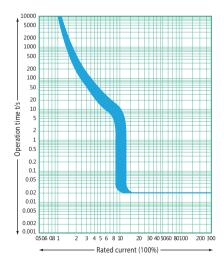
NDM2-630 C.L.M.H Time/current characteristic curve



NDM2-100, 125 C.L.M.H NDM2X-125 Time/ current characteristic curve



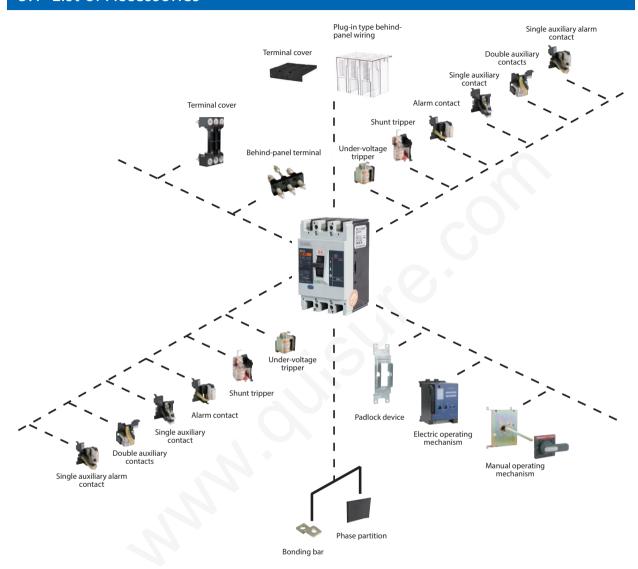
NDM2-400 C.L.M.H Time/current characteristic curve



NDM2-800 M.H Time/current characteristic curve

### 5. Accessories

### 5.1 List of Accessories



## 5.2 Accessories Function Description

## 5.2.1 Auxiliary contact Technical parameters

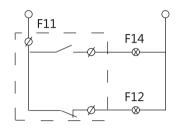
### Auxiliary contacts and combinations

The breaker is at the "opening" or "free	Double auxiliary contacts	F14 — F11 F24 — F21
tripping " position	Single auxiliary contact	F14 ————————————————————————————————————
The breaker is at the "closing" position	"Closing" switches to	opening", "opening" switches to "closing"

#### ★ Auxiliary contact current parameters

Frame grade Rated current	Conventional heating current 1th	Rated operational current at AC 400V	
Inm≤225	3A	0.30A	
Inm>225	3A	0.40A	

#### Auxiliary contact wiring diagram



Power supply
Closing circuit
Opening circuit

#### ★ Electrical life of auxiliary contact

		Switch on			Breaking			Operation frequency	
Use class	l/le	l/le	cosφ	l/le	U/Ue	cosφ	Frequency	(time(s)/ hour)	time
AC-15	10	1	0.3	1	1	0.3	6050	360	≥0.05s
DC-13	1	1	6Pe	1	1	6Pe	6030		≥T0.95

#### ★ Connection and breaking capacity of auxiliary contact

		Switch on			Breaking		_	Operation frequency	Conduction
Use class	l/le	l/le	cosφ	l/le	U/Ue	cosφ	Frequency	(time(s)/ hour)	time
AC-15	10	1	0.3	1	1	0.3	10	10 120	≥0.05s
DC-13	1	1	6Pe	1	1	6Pe	10		≥T0.95

#### 5.2.2 Alarm contact

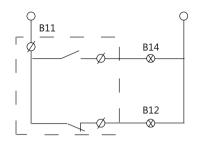
#### ★ Alarm contact Ue=220V, Ith=3A

When the circuit breaker is at the position of "opening" or "closing"	B14————— B11
The circuit breaker is at the "free tripping" position	B14————————————————————————————————————

## Nader 良信申器

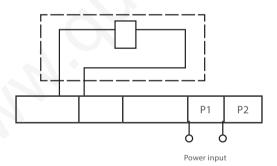
#### ★ Alarm contact wiring diagram

In the case of proper closing or opening of circuit breaker, the contact does not operate; only after free tripping (or fault tripping) will the original state of contact be changed, which means normally open switches to closed and normally closed switches to open; after re-buckle of the circuit breaker, the contact is restored to the original position.



#### 5.2.3 Under-voltage tripper

- ◆ At 35%~70% of rated control power voltage, the under-voltage tripper should operate reliably to disconnect the circuit breaker. When it is less than 35% of the rated voltage, closing of circuit breaker should be reliably prevented. When the power supply voltage is equal to or greater than 85% of rated voltage, it should be ensured that the circuit breaker is closed.
- ◆ Control voltage: AC 50Hz 230V 400V DC 110V 220V
- ◆ Note: The under-voltage tripper must be energized first in order to re-buckle and close the circuit breaker, otherwise it will damage the circuit breaker.



Under-voltage tripper wiring diagram

Instantaneous current and power consumption of under-voltage tripper

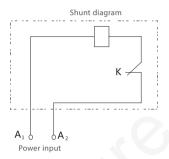
Product models	Instantaneous co	urrent value (mA)	Power consumption (W)		
Product models	AC 400V	AC 230V	AC 400V	AC 230V	
NDM2-63	10	13.5	4	3.105	
NDM2-100/125	9.75	14.25	3.95	3.2275	
NDM2-225/250	10.88	14.75	4.352	3.392	
NDM2-400	9	11	3.6	2.53	
NDM2-630	8.5	11	3.4	2.53	
NDM2-800	5	7.25	2	1.6675	

#### 5.2.4 Shunt tripper

- ★ Generally installed at Phase A of circuit breaker; the shunt tripper should enable the circuit breaker to trip reliably at 70%~110% of rated control voltage under all operation conditions.
  - ★ Control voltage : AC 50 Hz 230 V 400 V

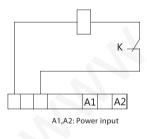
    DC [1]24V Low power consumption, 24, 220V
  - ★ Shunt tripper wiring diagram

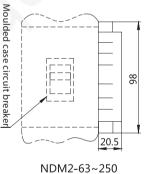
When the control circuit power supply is DC24V and the power is lower than 80W, it is possible to use low power shunt tripper or add intermediate relay.

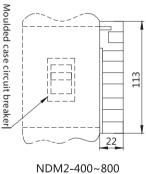


★ DC24V low power shunt tripper wiring diagram and outline dimension of external ceiling rose

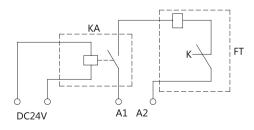
The normal operating power of DV24V low power shunt tripper is as low as 15W, which substantially meet the requirements of all DC24V control circuits. The low power shunt has a plug-in junction box, whose outline dimension is shown below.







★ DC24V control power wiring diagram



KA: DC24V relay with electric shock capacity of 1A

FT: AC220V/380V Shunt tripper

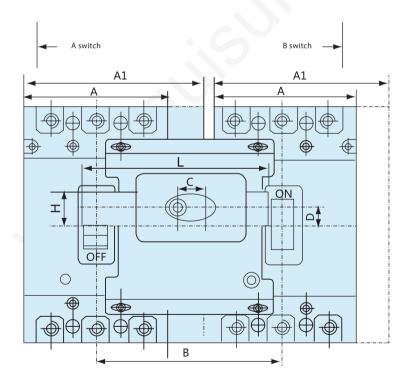
The rated voltage of FT is the power input voltage of A1 and A2

★ Instantaneous current and power consumption of shunt tripper

	Inst	tantaneous c	urrent value	e (A)	Power consumption (W)				
Product models	AC 400V	AC 230V	DC220V	DC 24V	AC 400V	AC 230V	DC 220V	DC 24V	DC 24V (Low power consumption)
NDM2-63	0.28	0.434	0.341	4	91.6	76.1	90.7	96.2	15
NDM2-100/125	0.288	0.425	0.341	4	96.8	73	90.7	91.2	15
NDM2-225/250	0.313	0.412	0.341	3.87	112	68.8	90.7	85.3	15
NDM2-400	0.197	0.325	0.4	3.87	67	62.3	94.4	1000	15
NDM2-630	0.199	0.314	0.4	3.87	68	58.2	94.4	100	15
NDM2-800	0.538	0.898	1.134	5.22	163	153		120	15

## 5.3 Functions and Sizes of External Accessories

### 5.3.1 Mechanical interlock



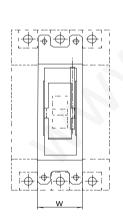
Mechanical interlocking and related dimensions

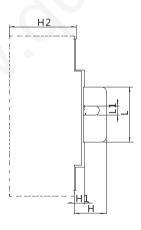
Product models	Α	A1	В	С	D	L	Н	Remarks
NDM2-63	78		102	38	13	118	22	For NDM2-63L,M
NDM2-100	92		120	50	11.5	118	22	For NDM2-100C,L,M,H

Product models	Α	A1	В	С	D	L	Н	Remarks
NDM2-125	92		120	50	11.5	118	22	For NDM2-125C,L,M
NDM2-225	107		135	50	14	135	22	For NDM2-225C,L,M,H
NDM2-250	107		135	50	14	135	22	For NDM2-250C,L,M
NDM2-400	150		180	60	18	175	30	For NDM2-400C,L,M,H
NDM2-630	182		235	60	16	198	28	For NDM2-630C,L,M,H
NDM2-800	210		243	60	18	230	30	For NDM2-800M, H
NDM2-63/4P		103	132	38	13	125	22	For NDM2-63, four-pole
NDM2-100/4P		122	152	50	11.5	150	22	For NDM2-100, four-pole
NDM2-125/4P		122	152	50	11.5	150	22	For NDM2-125, four-pole
NDM2-225/4P		142	173	50	9	168	22	For NDM2-225, four-pole
NDM2-250/4P		142	173	50	9	168	22	For NDM2-250, four-pole
NDM2-400/4P		198	230	60	16	188	28	For NDM2-400, four-pole
NDM2-630/4P		240	295	60	12	240	30	For NDM2-630, four-pole
NDM2-800/4P		280	310	60	29.5	300	30	For NDM2-800M, four-pole

### 5.3.2 Locking Device

### MS1 locking mechanism installation diagram





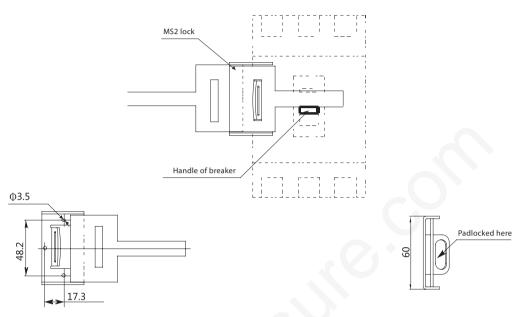
MS1 is an integral lock device (which means that the locking device and the circuit breaker share the mounting screws during the co-installation), which is aimed at preventing closing and opening operations due to human error; at present, there are only NDM2-100, 125, 225 and 250 available; the installation dimensions are shown in the following figures and tables (The dotted part in the figure is the circuit breaker part)

Product models	w	L	L1	Н	H1	H2
NDM2-63(L)	42	55	9	24	4	68
NDM2-63 (M) and four-pole	42	55	9	24	4	76
NDM2-100/125(C,L)	42	55	9	24	4	63.5
NDM2-100/125 (M, H) and four-pole	42	55	9	24	4	81.5
NDM2-225/250(C,L)	52	66	9	26	4	82
NDM2-100/125 (M, H) and four-pole	52	66	9	26	4	99

## Nader 良信申器

#### MS2 Locking device

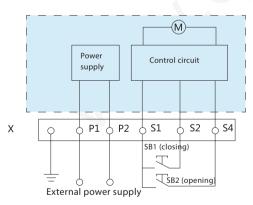
MS2 is a split lock device (which means that the device is installed on the left or right of the front cover of circuit breaker) and is used for products of NDM2 series, which is aimed at preventing closing and opening operation due to human error (the dotted part is the circuit breaker part).



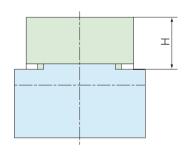
MS2 locking mechanism installation diagram

### Electric operating mechanism

★ CD2 motor operating mechanism (equipped with NDM2-63-800 series)



Wiring diagram (The circuit breaker external accessory wiring diagram is within the dotted box)



CD2 Electric operating mechanism

Explanation of notation:

SB1, SB2: Operating button (prepared by users)

X: Terminal block

P1, P2: External power supply

Voltage Specification:

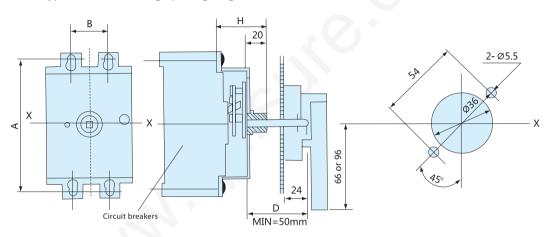
AC50Hz 110V,230V,400V,DC24V,110V,220V

<b>★</b> Te	echnical	parameters	of CD2	motor	operating	mechanism
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Power distribution breaker	Operating current (A)	Electric power (W)	Life/times	Operating mechanism height H (mm)
NDM2-63 (L、M、4P)	≤ 0.5	14	14000	90.5
NDM2-100、125 (C、L、M、H、4P)	≤ 0.5	14	14000	92
NDM2-225、250 (C、L、M、H、4P)	≤ 0.5	14	10000	92
NDM2-400 (C, L, M, H, 4P)	≤ 2	35	5000	142
NDM2-630 (C、L、M、H、4P)	≤ 2	35	5000	153
NDM2-800 (M、H、4P)	≤ 2	35	5000	146

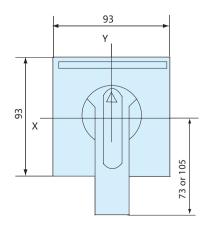
### Manual operating mechanism

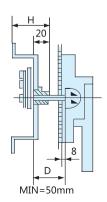
★ CS1-A type handle mounting opening diagram

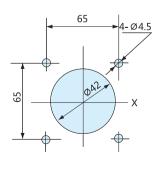


Note: A type is a round handle F type is a square handle

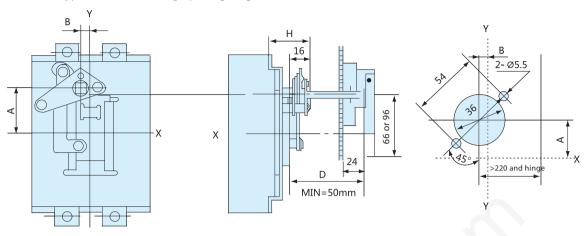
#### ★ CS1-F type handle mounting opening diagram



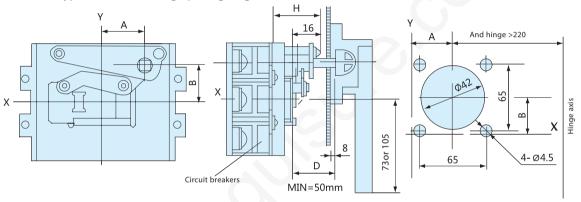




CS2-F type handle mounting opening diagram



CS2-A type handle mounting opening diagram



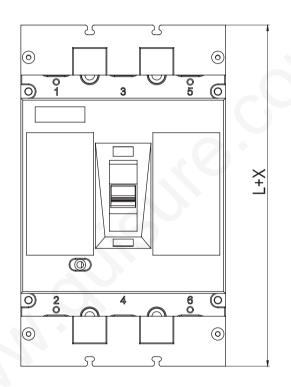
Mounting method and outline dimension of manual operating mechanism

External	External accessory	Equipped with circuit	Manual ins	tallation dime	nsions: mm	to stall attack on the
accessories	model	breaker	Н	Α	В	Installation mode
	CS1-63	NDM2-63L/M	49	100	25	
	CS1-100	NDM2-100 、125 C/L/M/H	49	104	30	Vertical mounting
	CS1-225	NDM2-225 、250 C/L/M/H	55	143	35	Vertical mounting
	CS1-400	NDM2-400 C/L/M/H	76	194	138	
	CS1-630	NDM2-630 C/L/M/H	83	81	171	Horizontal mounting
Manual	CS1-800	NDM2-800 M/H	63	87.5	198	Horizontal mounting
operating	CS2-100	NDM2-100 、125C/L/M/H	46	35	11.5	Vertical mounting
mechanism	CS2-100	NDM2-100 、125C/L/M/H	46	37	11.5	Horizontal mounting
	CS2-225	NDM2-225 、250C/L/M/H	48	35	31	Vertical mounting
	CS2-225	NDM2-225 、250C/L/M/H	48	45	32	Horizontal mounting
	CS2-400	NDM2-400 C/L/M/H	61	65	15	Vertical mounting
	CS2-630	NDM2-630 C/L/M/H	61	67.5	15	Harizantal mounting
	CS2-800	NDM2-800 M/H	66	63	15	Horizontal mounting

Note: In the figure, size D is 150mm by default, and can be customized according to the customer requirements.

### 5.3.3 Zero flashover cover



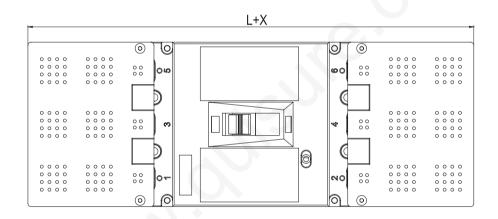


Product series	Model	Body length L	Increased length of terminal cover X	Length after addition of terminal cover Lx		
	NDM2-100/125	150	12	162		
	NDM2-225/250	165	19	184		
NDM2	NDM2-400	257	19	276		
	NDM2-630	270	19	289		
	NDM2-800	280	19	299		

#### 5.3.4 Extended terminal cover

The extended terminal cover is mainly used for bare cable installation to protect the cable.





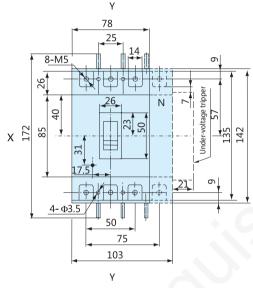
Product series	Model	Body length L (mm)	Increased length of extended terminal cover X(mm)	Total length Lx (mm)		
	NDM2-100L/125L	150	130	280		
	NDM2-225L/250L	165	126	291		
NDM2	NDM2-400L	257	144	401		
	NDM2-630L	270	130	400		
	NDM2-800L	280	150	430		

### 6. Product Outline Dimension

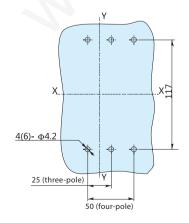
### 6.1 NDM2-63 (L, M) Outline Dimension, Mounting Dimension and Wiring Method

### Before-panel wiring (three-pole,four-pole)

X-X, Y-Y represents the size of opening of before-panel wiring mounting panel of the center of three-pole circuit breaker



# the size of opening of before-panel wiring mounting panel



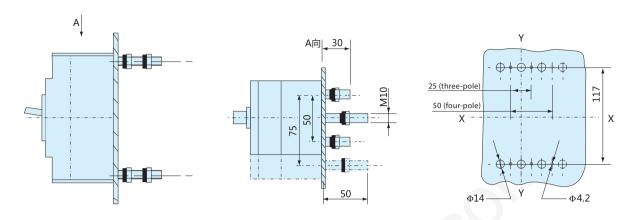
Model	н	H1	H2	
NDM2-63L	73.5	90.5	20.5	
NDM2-63M	01.5	00.5	20.5	
NDM2-63 four-pole	81.5	98.5	28.5	

H1 H2 X

<sup>\*</sup> The size of additional terminal cover (optional piece) is 142, and a four-pole product is not provided with terminal cover.

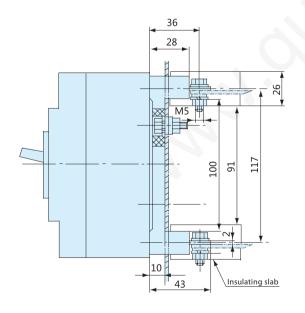
Z1: Behind-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)

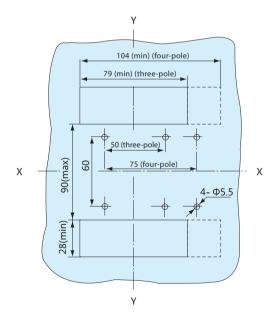
X-X, Y-Y represents the size of opening of behind-panel wiring mounting panel at the center of circuit breaker



Z2H:Plug-in type behind-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)

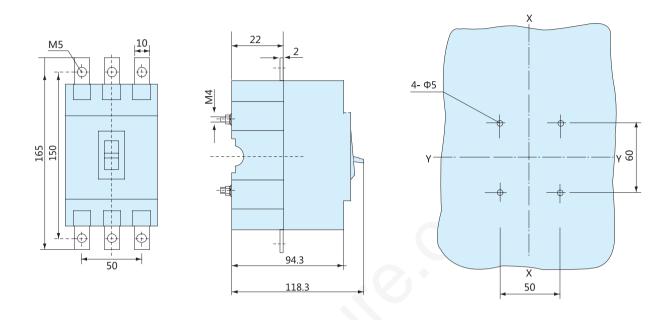
X-X, Y-Y represents the size of plug-in type mounting panel at the center of circuit breaker





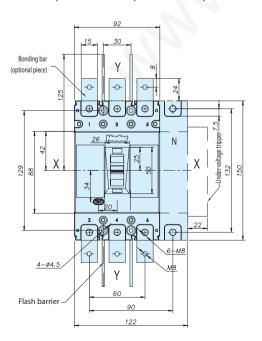
# Z2Q:Plug-in type before-panel wiring (three-pole)

# X-X, Y-Y represents the size of plug-in type mounting panel at the center of circuit breaker

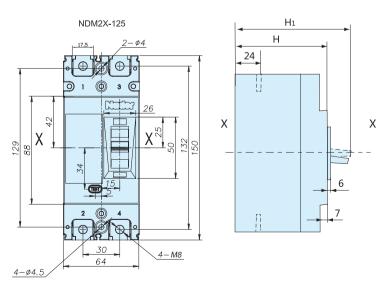


# 6.2 NDM2-100 (C, L, M, H) 125 (C, L, M, H) NDM2X-125 Outline Dimension, Mounting Dimension and Wiring Method

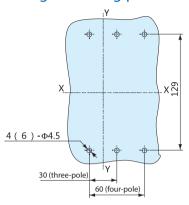
# Before-panel wiring (two-pole,three-pole,four-pole)



X-X, Y-Y represents the size of opening of before-panel wiring mounting panel of the center of three-pole circuit breaker



# the size of opening of before-panel wiring mounting panel



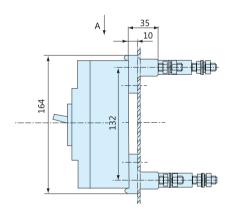
Model	Н	H1	
NDM2-100C、L			
NDM2-125C、L	69	86	
NDM2X-125			
NDM2-100M、H			
NDM2-125M	87	104	
NDM2-100 four-pole	0/	104	
NDM2-125 four-pole			

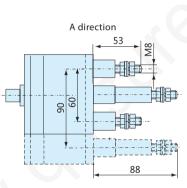
X-X, Y-Y represents the size of opening of

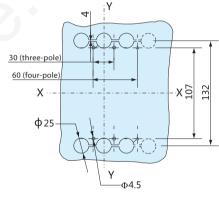
behind-panel wiring mounting panel at

the center of three-pole circuit breaker

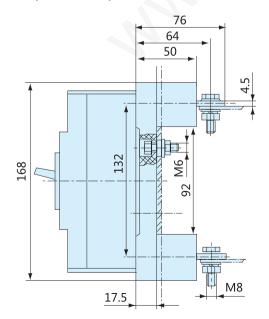
# Z1: Behind-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)



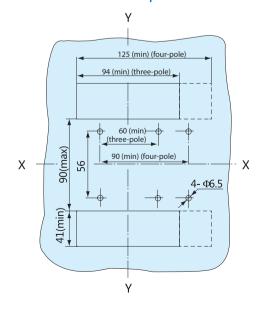




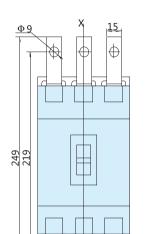
Z2H:Plug-in type behind-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)

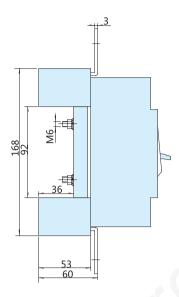


X-X, Y-Y represents the size of plugin type mounting panel at the center of three-pole circuit breaker

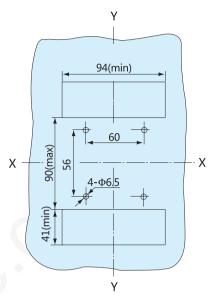


# Z2Q:Plug-in type before-panel wiring (three-pole)



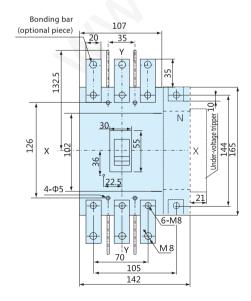




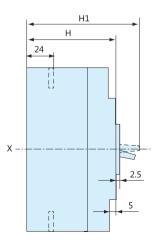


# 6.3 NDM2-225 (C, L, M, H) 250 (C, L, M, H) Outline Dimension, Mounting Dimension and Wiring Method

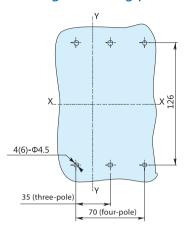
# Before-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)



X-X, Y-Y represents the size of opening of before-panel wiring mounting panel of the center of three-pole circuit breaker



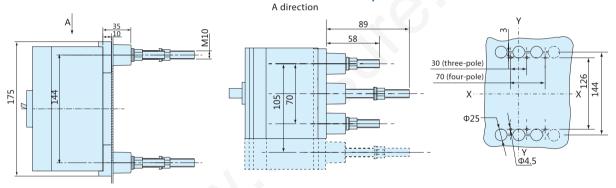
# the size of opening of before-panel wiring mounting panel



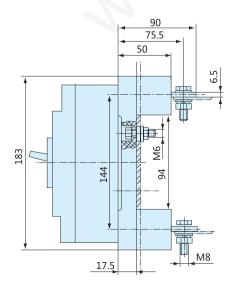
Model	н	H1		
NDM2-225C、L	86	110		
NDM2-250C 、L	00	110		
NDM2-250M 、H				
NDM2-250M	102	127		
NDM2-225 four-pole	103	127		
NDM2-250 four-pole				

# Z1: Behind-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)

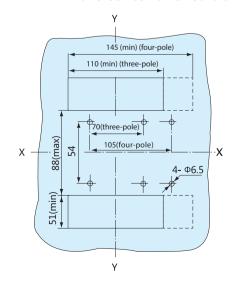
X-X, Y-Y represents the size of opening of behind-panel wiring mounting panel at the center of circuit breaker



Z2H:Plug-in type behind-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)

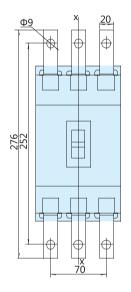


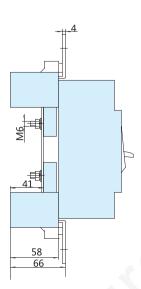
X-X, Y-Y represents the size of plug-in type mounting panel at the center of circuit breaker

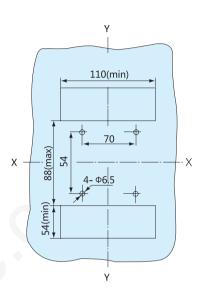


# Z2Q:Plug-in type before-panel wiring (three-pole)

X-X, Y-Y represents the size of plug-in type mounting panel at the center of circuit breaker



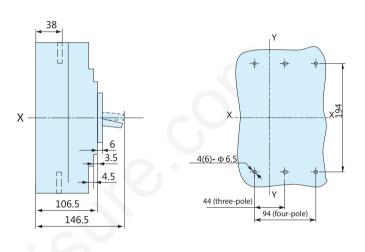




## 6.4 NDM2-400(C, L, M, H) Outline Dimension, Mounting Dimension and Wiring Method

Before-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)

X-X, Y-Y represents the size of opening of before-panel wiring mounting panel at the center of three-pole circuit breaker



Z1: Behind-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)

A 104.5 M12

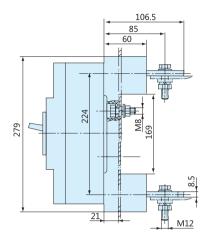
A direction 42

X-X, Y-Y represents the size of opening

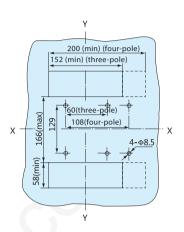
of behind-panel wiring mounting

panel at the center of circuit breaker

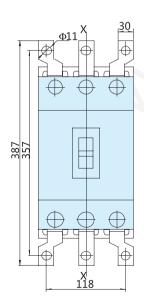
# Z2H:Plug-in type behind-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)

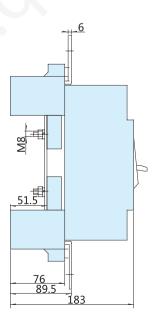


# X-X, Y-Y represents the size of plug-in type mounting panel at the center of circuit breaker

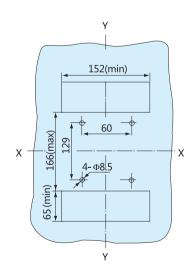


# Z2Q:Plug-in type before-panel wiring (three-pole)



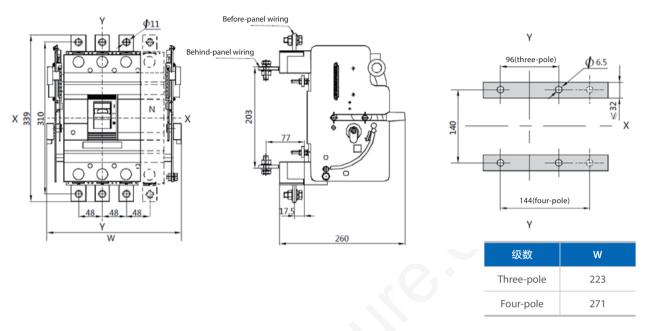


# X-X, Y-Y represents the size of plug-in type mounting panel at the center of circuit breaker



#### Drawer wiring (three-pole, four-pole)

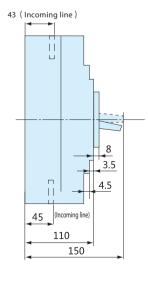
X-X, Y-Y represents the size of opening of drawer type wiring mounting panel at the center of three-pole circuit breaker

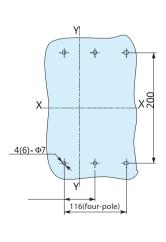


## 6.5 NDM2-630(C, L, M, H) Outline Dimension, Mounting Dimension and Wiring Method

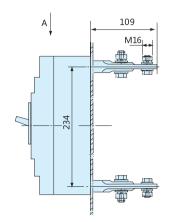
Before-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)

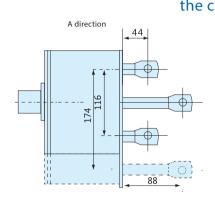
X-X, Y-Y represents the size of opening of before-panel wiring mounting panel at the center of three-pole circuit breaker

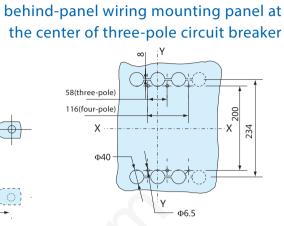




# Z1: Behind-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)

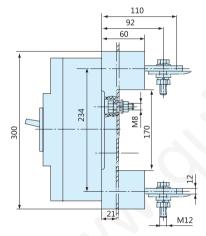




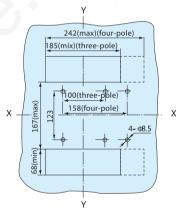


X-X, Y-Y represents the size of opening of

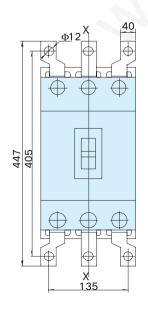
Z2H:Plug-in type behind-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)

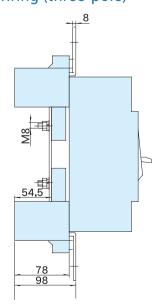


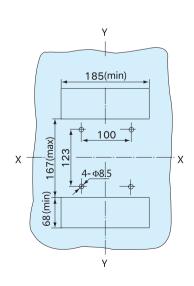
X-X, Y-Y represents the size of plugin type mounting panel at the center of three-pole circuit breaker



### Z2Q:Plug-in type before-panel wiring (three-pole)

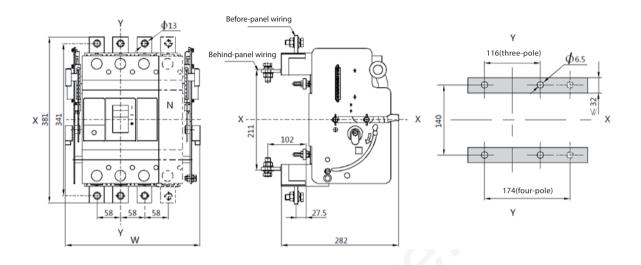






Drawer wiring (three-pole, four-pole)

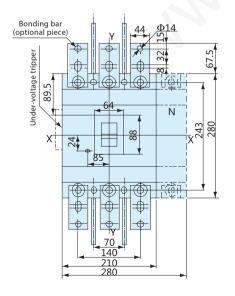
X-X, Y-Y represents the size of opening of drawer type wiring mounting panel at the center of three-pole circuit breaker

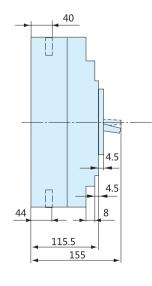


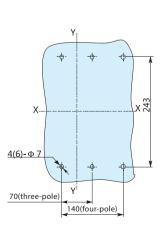
6.6 NDM2-800(M, H) Outline Dimension, Mounting Dimension and Wiring Method

Before-panel wiring (three-pole,four-pole)

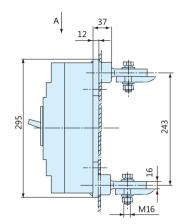
X-X, Y-Y represents the size of opening of before-panel wiring mounting panel at the center of three-pole circuit breaker



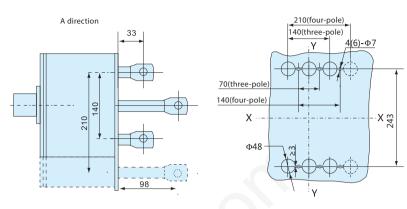




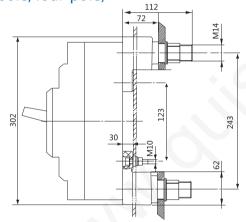
# Z1: Behind-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)



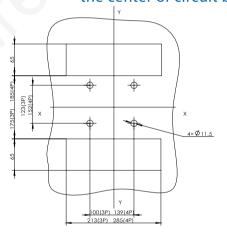
X-X, Y-Y represents the size of opening of behind-panel wiring mounting panel at the center of circuit breaker



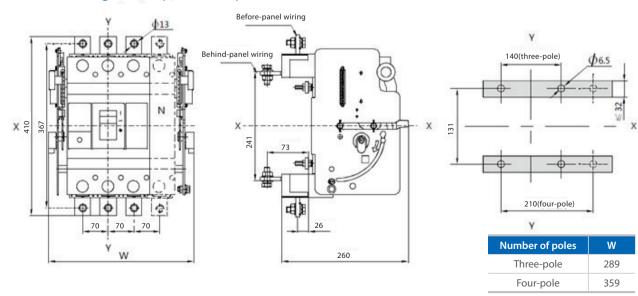
Z2H:Plug-in type behind-panel wiring (three-pole, four-pole)



X-X, Y-Y represents the size of plug-in type mounting panel at the center of circuit breaker



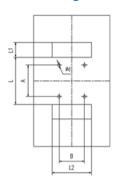
Drawer wiring (three-pole, four-pole)

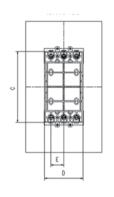


# 6.7 NDM2-(100-800)Z3 Plug-in Type Mounting Dimension and Wiring Method

#### Z3H (Scheme 1): Behind-panel mounting









Installation schematic diagram

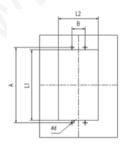
Typical product model	Breaker model	А	В	L	L1	L2	d	С	D	Е	H1	H2	Remarks
MZ3-100	NDM2-100/125	65	60	90	51	94	6.5	160	90	30	18	56.2	
MZ3-225	NDM2-225/250	74	70	100	55	110	6.5	179	105	35	20	73.2	
MZ3-400	NDM2-400	140	96	178	70	150	7	274	148	48	45	85	
MZ3-630	NDM2-630	140	116	178	83	177	7	300	232	58	44	120	
MZ3-800	NDM2-800	143	140	181	87	213	7	311	210	70	44	125	

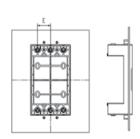
Note 1: When the product is 4-pole, phase distance E is increased for sizes B, L2 and D.

Note 2: When the product is 4-pole and the frame degree is  $\leq$ 250A, phase distance E should be increased for sizes B and L2; when the product is 4-pole and the frame degree is  $\geq$ 400A, size B remains unchanged and phase distance E is increased for N pole distance of L2.

### Z3H (Scheme 2): Large opening behind-panel mounting







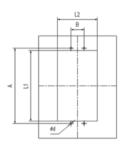
Installation schematic diagram

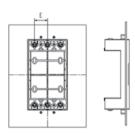
Typical product model	Breaker model	A	В	L1	L2	d	Е	Remarks
MZ3-100	NDM2-100/125	170	30	161	92	5	30	
MZ3-225	NDM2-225/250	191	35	180	107	5	35	
MZ3-400	NDM2-400	290	48	276	150	6	48	
MZ3-630	NDM2-630	316	58	302	176	6	58	
MZ3-800	NDM2-800	327	70	313	212	6	70	

Note: When the product is 4-pole and the frame degree is  $\leq$ 250A, phase distance E shall be increased for sizes B and L2; when the product is 4-pole and the frame degree is  $\geq$ 400A, size B remains unchanged and phase distance E is increased for N pole distance of L2.

### • Z3H (Scheme 3): Frame behind-panel mounting





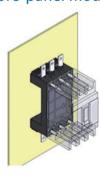


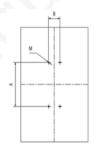
Installation schematic diagram

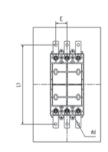
Typical product model	Breaker model	А	В	Е	Remarks
MZ3-100	NDM2-100/125	65	60	30	
MZ3-225	NDM2-225/250	74	70	35	
MZ3-400	NDM2-400	140	96	48	
MZ3-630	NDM2-630	140	116	58	
MZ3-800	NDM2-800	143	140	70	

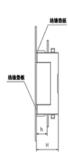
Note: When the product is 4-pole, phase distance E is increased for size B.

### Z3Q : Before-panel mounting









Installation schematic diagram

Typical product model	Breaker model	А	В	L1	Е	d	М	н	h	Remarks
MZ3-100	NDM2-100/125	110	30	198	30	6.5	M4	57	28	
MZ3-225	NDM2-225/250	150	35	223	35	8.5	M4	74	32	
MZ3-400	NDM2-400	244	48	326	48	10.5	M5	85	36	
MZ3-630	NDM2-630	264	58	352	58	12.5	M6	120	64	
MZ3-800	NDM2-800	283	70	363	70	12.5	M6	125	67	

Warning: Insulation pad must be placed for before-panel mounting

## 6.8 Selection of Cross-sectional Areas of Connecting Busbars and Cables

#### Selection of busbars

Rated current A	10 12.5	16 20	25	32	40 50	63	80	100	125 140	160	180 200 225	250	315 350	400
Cross-sectional area of conductor mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5	2.5	4.0	6.0	10	16	25	35	50	70	95	120	185	240

#### Selection of Cable

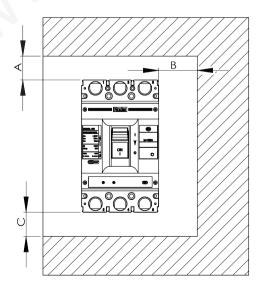
Data damana A	Cross-sectional	areas of cables	Copper busbar size			
Rated current A	Quantity	Sectional area mm²	Quantity	Dimensions mm × mm		
500	2	150	2	30 × 5		
630	2	185	2	40 × 5		
700, 800	2	240	2	50 × 5		

Note 1: Connect to the circuit breaker, and select the appropriate wiring method according to Outline Dimension, Mounting Dimension and

Note 2: If copper bar is selected for connection, the copper bar cannot be directly connected to the circuit breaker body and extended busbar accessories are required.

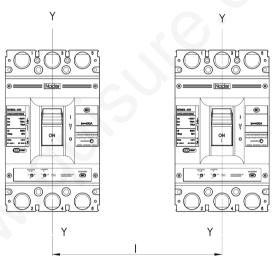
## 6.9 Safe Distance for Circuit Breaker Mounting

#### Insulation distances for installation in a small metal cabinet (unit: mm)



Mounting distance	A (From incoming line	end to cabinet surface)	B (Distance from the side to the	C (From incoming line end to cabinet
Specifications	With zero flashover cover	Without zero flashover cover	cabinet)	surface)
NDM2-63	25	65	30	30
NDM2-100	25	65	30	30
NDM2-125	25	65	30	30
NDM2X-125	/	65	30	30
NDM2-225	25	65	30	30
NDM2-250	25	65	30	30
NDM2-400	25	120	35	35
NDM2-630	25	120	35	35
NDM2-800	25	120	35	35

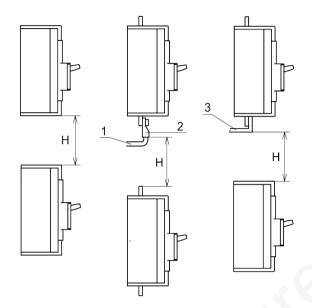
### Minimum center distance of row installation room of the circuit breakers



Specifications	Circuit breaker width (mm)			Center distance l (mm)		
	Two-pole	Three-pole	Four-pole	Two-pole	Three-pole	Four-pole
NDM2-63	25	65	25	65	30	30
NDM2-100	25	65	25	65	30	30
NDM2-125	25	65	25	65	30	30
NDM2X-125	/	65	/	65	30	30
NDM2-225	25	65	25	65	30	30
NDM2-250	25	65	25	65	30	30
NDM2-400	25	120	25	120	35	35
NDM2-630	25	120	25	120	35	35
NDM2-800	25	120	25	120	35	35

Note: For installation of circuit breakers in a row or stack, check the connection busbars or cables to ensure the air insulation distance will not be reduced.

### • Minimum distance between circuit breakers installed in stack



- 1: Bare cable connection
- 2: Cable insulation connection
- 3: Connection and no insulation

Constitutions	H (distance between the bottom and top of circuit breaker)				
Specifications	With zero flashover cover	Without zero flashover cover			
NDM2-63	90	90			
NDM2-100	90	91			
NDM2-125	90	91			
NDM2X-125	/	91			
NDM2-225	90	93			
NDM2-250	90	93			
NDM2-400	155	155			
NDM2-630	155	155			
NDM2-800	155	155			

Note: Check whether the zero flashover cover or the interphase barrier is installed in place before energizing.

## 7. Usage and Maintenance

- The characteristics of circuit breaker and accessories are set by the manufacturer; only the trained or certified professional personnel can adjust, install and maintain the circuit breaker, tripping unit and other accessories referring to the circuit design parameters;
- Ensure the power is in the inactive state before installation and removal of any device.
- The handle of circuit breaker can be located at three positions respectively representing the three conditions of closing, disconnection and free tripping. When the handle is at the free tripping position, the handle should be pulled in the disconnection direction. At this time, the circuit breaker could re-buckle and then the switch could be closed.
- Please observe the conditions for storage and use; if the product is damaged or cannot be normally used due to quality
  problem within 36 months from the date of delivery by the manufacturer, the manufacturer is responsible for free repair
  or replacement.

## 8. Ordering Instructions

- Please specify the models, specifications and ordering quantity of circuit breakers; when under-voltage tripper, shunt tripper or electrically operated mechanism are used, please indicate the voltage values of operating voltage and control power.
- For example: NDM2-100L with under-voltage protection and behind-panel wiring of the single auxiliary contact plate, with rated current of 80A and control power voltage of AC220, 10 sets.

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